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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/660,016		/11/2003	Andrew G. Jenkins	X-1418 US	5910
24309	7590	08/24/2005		EXAM	INER /
XILINX, INC				SIEK, VUTHE	
ATTN: LEGAL DEPARTMENT 2100 LOGIC DR			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SAN JOSE,	CA 95124	1		2825	

DATE MAILED: 08/24/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/660,016	JENKINS, ANDREW G.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Vuthe Siek	2825				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	1. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tineply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08</u>	<u>June 2005</u> .					
·= · · _=	·					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest is/are mithed 5) ☐ Claim(s) 7-13 and 20-26 is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-6,14-19 and 27-34 is/are rejected for is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prapplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a lie	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicati iority documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
 Notice of Draisperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-946) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		ratent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 2825

DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to application 10/660,016 and response filed on 6/8/2005. Claims 1-34 remain pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-6, 14-19 and 27-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Brown et al. (6,792,578) in view of Lee et al. (6,502,229) or Wang et al. (6,594,809).
- 4. As to claims 1 and 14, Brown et al. teach a method for correcting antenna violations in high-density integrated circuits comprising determining location of an antenna violation within a layout of a high-density IC; determining an affected input of a cell of the high-density IC based on the location of the antenna error in order to eliminate antenna violation by coupling the electrical connection between the top level metallic conductor and a diffusion region. Brown et al. do not teach identifying an available charge protection element and logically coupling the available charge protection element to the affected input of the cell. Lee et al. teach a method for inserting antenna diodes into an IC design during cell placement; therefore an available charge protection element (inserted antenna diodes) is selected and routed during ECO (engineering change order) process at input nodes of cells in order to eliminate or

Art Unit: 2825

correct an antenna violation (Fig. 1-8, col. 5). Wang et al. teach correcting antenna violation by inserting antenna diodes within IC layout, thereby available antenna diodes can be used to couple between cells in order to avoid antenna violation (col. 3 line 53 to col. 5 line 30). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine these above teachings in order to correct or eliminating antenna violation by selecting an available antenna diode (available charge protection element) and coupling the affected input of the cell that was accurately determined its location having antenna violation. This would be cost effective since there is no need to perform re-design of the IC design layout that is time consuming and costly.

- 5. As to claims 27 and 31, remarks set forth in rejecting claims 1 and 14 equally apply. In addition, Brown et al. teach inserting antenna diodes during initial cell placement (inserting antenna diodes during initial cell placement within the available space). Therefore, by combining these above teachings as described in rejecting claims 1 and 14, re-performing the place and route algorithm is necessary in order to coupling the available charge protection element (antenna diode) to the affected input of the cell to thereby eliminating antennal violation.
- 6. As to claims 2 and 15, remarks set forth in rejecting claim 27 and 31 equally apply because of similar claimed limitation.
- 7. As to claims 3, 16, 28 and 32, Brown et al. teach determining the affected input of the cell (input/output port of macro having antenna violation, Fig. 2, I/O port 32) comprising identifying circuitry within the cell corresponding to the location of the

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Art Unit: 2825

antenna violation; the affected input of the cell is the input of the circuitry within the cell (I/O transistor 36 within the macro, Fig. 2).

- 8. As to claims 4, 17, 29 and 33, Lee et al. teach determining a closest charge protection element to the affected input (col. 5) and Brown et al. also teach determining a charge protection element along a wire coupled to the affected input (Fig. 2, lines 34, 46 and 44).
- 9. As to claims 5 and 18, Lee et al. teach performing initial layout, inserting antenna diodes during cell placement and re-performing the place and route (Fig. 2-3 its description). In addition, remarks set forth in rejecting claims 27 and 31 equally apply because of similar claimed limitations.
- 10. As to claims 6, 30 and 34, all cited references teach using antenna diodes as the charge protection element or transistor.

Allowable Subject Matter

11. Claims 7-13 and 20-26 are allowed over the prior of record because the prior of record does not teach interpreting an IC error report (antenna error report) to obtain error coordinates and determining a cell of the plurality of cells based on the error coordinates and a design exchange format file and determining error position within the cell based the error coordinates.

Remarks

Applicant argued that the combination of teachings of Brown and Lee or Wang is not improper. Examiner respectively submits the combination of teachings of these

Art Unit: 2825

references is improper and the motivation of combination is provided. Brown teaches preventing or eliminating or correcting a detected antenna violation by coupling or connecting a metal wiring to an input port of a circuitry or macro. Lee and Wang also teach connecting or coupling available antenna diodes within a layout design to adjacent ones conductors to correct an antenna violation or error detected by a design rule checker. Therefore, combining these teachings would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention because this would correct a detected antenna error as expected without redesign an IC layout design that would be costly.

12. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

13. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Art Unit: 2825

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vuthe Siek whose telephone number is (571) 272-1906. The examiner can normally be reached on Increase Flextime.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Vuthe Siek

VUTHE SIEK PRIMARY EXAMINER